



The West Coast Common Law Court of Justice

Established under International and Indigenous Law on May 1, 2023

In the Matter of The People v. Charles Mountbatten-Windsor, Jorge Bergoglio, et al

A Public Indictment issued by the Chief Prosecutor of the Court

Wednesday, September 20, 2023

Case Docket No. 1:

The deaths of Harriett Nahanee, William Combes, and Johnny ‘Bingo’ Dawson

The West Coast Common Law Court of Justice can be contacted at

itccsoffice@protonmail.com .

The source material and corroborating evidence of this Public Indictment can be found in part at www.murderbydecree.com and in the archived records of the International Tribunal of Crimes of Church and State (ITCCS).

The General Facts of the Case

Harriett Nahanee, William Combes, and Johnny 'Bingo' Dawson - hereafter referred to as "the Deceased" - were indigenous people of, respectively, the Pacheedaht, Interior Salish, and Nishga Nations. They were survivors of, respectively, the Port Alberni, Kamloops and Mission, and Alert Bay 'Indian Residential Schools', and they each witnessed the killing and burial of children in those facilities by staff and clergy.

The Deceased were active members of the Vancouver-based campaign to expose and prosecute genocide and other crimes in these church-run facilities. They were close confidants and supporters of Kevin Annett, the co-founder of this campaign. They participated in many public protests and peaceful occupations of the guilty Catholic, Anglican, and United churches between 2000 and 2011, until the time of their deaths.

The Deceased died respectively on February 24, 2007, February 26, 2011, and December 9, 2009 in the City of Vancouver. Their deaths occurred after their arrest and incarceration by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police or the Vancouver City Police.



Murdered indigenous activists (left to right, circled in red) Ricky Lavallee, Johnny 'Bingo' Dawson, and William Combes, April 15, 2006, Vancouver

The Details of the Case

Harriett Nahanee



Nahanee was the first eyewitness to a murder at a Canadian Indian residential school to go public and be quoted in the media. (*December 18, 1995, Vancouver Sun, Appendix 1*) Her account of the killing of Alberni 'residential school' inmate Maisie Shaw by Principal and United Church clergyman Alfred Caldwell on Christmas Eve, 1946 sparked the formation of the Vancouver-based campaign to document, publicize, and confront such crimes.

Along with Kevin Annett, Nahanee organized the first public meeting into 'Indian residential schools' on February 9, 1998, and the first international Tribunal on this issue from June 12-14, 1998, sponsored by the United Nations affiliate IHRAAM.

Beginning in the spring of 2000, Annett and Nahanee commenced public protests at the aforementioned churches and launched the national movement for justice and reparations for 'Indian residential school' survivors. This campaign was organized under the auspices of their independent Truth Commission into Genocide in Canada and its later offshoot, The Friends and Relatives of the Disappeared (FRD).

Along with Annett, Nahanee began to be overtly harassed and assaulted soon after their successful June 1998 Tribunal and the media and political attention it garnered. Throughout 1998 and 1999, Annett and Nahanee were confronted and threatened with arrest and prosecution by RCMP officers Gerry Peters and Paul Willms. Both Willms and Peters claimed to be acting under the orders and authority of RCMP Inspector Peter Montague of 'E' Division in Vancouver.

Between 1995 and 1997, Peter Montague had worked closely with United Church officials Jon Jessiman, Phil Spencer, and Brian Thorpe, and Annett's then-wife Anne McNamee, in monitoring, firing, blacklisting and criminally harassing Annett after he went public with evidence of Alberni residential school killings; and in monitoring Nahanee and other associates of Annett. (*See WCCLCJ Case Docket No. 2: In the Matter of Kevin Annett v. Jean Chretien, Jorge Bergoglio, et al*)

In addition, during this time Nahanee was forced from her home on the Squamish Indian Reservation, was denied government benefits, and faced an escalating campaign of smearing and misinformation within her family and the aboriginal community.

These overt assaults against Nahanee and Annett were accompanied by the covert infiltration and disruption of their Truth Commission and FRD activities. An RCMP and former FBI informant-operative named James Craven headed this black-ops campaign after the June 1998 Tribunal, which he had infiltrated. Craven circulated lies and smears about Nahanee and Annett in the media. He also paid their aboriginal colleagues like Amy and Dennis Tallio to speak against them. As with Kevin Annett, these payoffs extended to Nahanee's friends and family members. Evidence indicates that these black operations implicate national officials of the RCMP and Canadian government, including former Prime Minister Jean Chretien.

Despite these attacks, Nahanee countered these smears and persisted in her public campaigning alongside Annett. (*Appendix 2*) They held the first FRD-sponsored Aboriginal Holocaust Memorial Day in Vancouver on April 15, 2005, escalating their church actions. Nahanee also helped Annett produce his seminal, award-winning documentary film on the 'residential school' genocide, *Unrepentant*, which was released less than one month before Nahanee died, in February 2007.

At the time of her death, Harriett Nahanee was preparing to undertake a national speaking tour with Kevin Annett, equipped with *Unrepentant*, that was to culminate in a protest and global press conference at Parliament in Ottawa on March 15, 2007.

On January 24, 2007, Nahanee was targeted and arrested by RCMP officers at a peaceful protest in North Vancouver. She was held without bail, charged with 'public mischief', and sentenced by BC Supreme Court judge Brenda Brown to incarceration in an unheated cell in Surrey Remand Prison. In that prison, Nahanee quickly developed bronchial congestion and pneumonia. She died of alleged 'lung cancer' on February 24, 2007 at the age of seventy-one. No death certificate for Harriett Nahanee was issued.

The culpable participants in the death of Harriett Nahanee and the defendants in her case include but are not restricted to the following persons and their accomplices:

Jean Chretien, Former Prime Minister of Canada

William Elliott, former RCMP Commissioner

Peter Montague, Gerry Peters, and Paul Willms, RCMP 'E' Division, Vancouver

Brenda Brown, Judge of the British Columbia Supreme Court

David Giuliano, former Moderator, United Church of Canada

Jon Jessiman, Brian Thorpe, Art Anderson, Phil Spencer, United Church of Canada

Anne McNamee

James Craven

Amy and Dennis Tallio

John and Jane Does in the RCMP, the United Church of Canada, and Surrey Remand Centre



Kevin Annett (left) and Harriett Nahanee at Catholic church protest, Vancouver, 2001



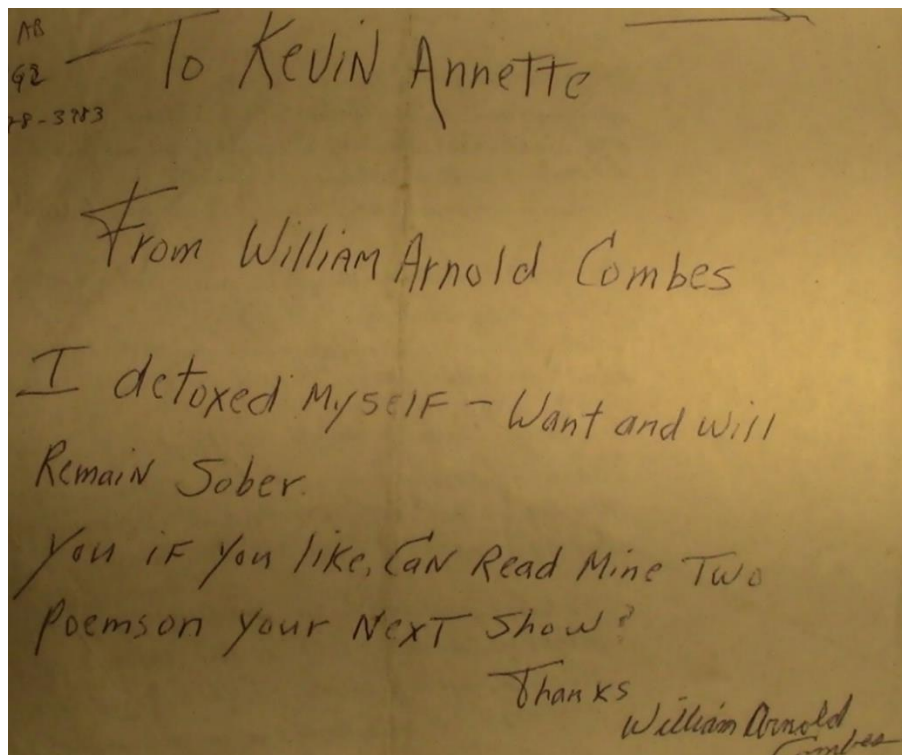
RCMP Inspector Peter Montague, head of black-ops against the FRD, Annett, and Nahanee

William Combes



Combes was an eyewitness to the murder and burial of children at the Kamloops and Mission Roman Catholic 'Indian residential schools', where he was incarcerated as a child. He was also an eyewitness to the abduction and permanent disappearance of ten children from the Kamloops 'school' at the hands of Elizabeth Windsor and Philip Mountbatten (aka Queen Elizabeth and Prince Philip) on October 10, 1964. (*See General Docket Evidence File*)

William Combes joined the FRD campaign in 2006 and participated in the Vancouver church protests and occupations organized by Harriett Nahanee and Kevin Annett. He was a regular participant in Annett's weekly program on Vancouver Co-op Radio, "Hidden from History".



Combes soon began to privately share with Annett and Nahanee his witnessing of the ‘royal’ abductions on October 10, 1964. Out of fear for his safety he did not speak publicly of it, especially after Nahanee’s sudden death early in 2007. However, that soon changed.

During 2008, the ongoing church occupations led by Annett and the FRD compelled the Canadian government’s official acknowledgment of ‘Indian residential school’ crimes. This achievement was followed by the launching of the International Tribunal of Crimes of Church and State (ITCCS) in June 2010. These events prompted William Combes for the first time to speak publicly about the Kamloops abductions. Accordingly, in a globally-broadcast blog interview with Kevin Annett on January 16, 2011, Combes described in detail the Kamloops abductions and named Elizabeth Windsor and her accomplices.

In response, Combes received an invitation to speak at an ITCCS-sponsored forum in London, England on March 1, 2011: an offer that he enthusiastically accepted. An airline ticket was purchased for Combes, who was to depart Vancouver for London on February 25.

The day before his departure to London, on February 24, 2011 - which was the fourth anniversary of the death of Harriett Nahanee - William Combes was forcibly detained by three RCMP officers at the Native Health Center on East Hastings Street in Vancouver. He was then transported against his will by these officers to St. Paul’s Catholic Hospital in downtown Vancouver. *(See details in Appendix 3)*

Two days later, on February 26, 2011, William Combes died.

The B.C. Coroner’s report concerning Combes, dated June 13, 2011 *(Case No. 2011-0372-0013)* and signed by Chief Coroner Claire Thompson, claims that Combes died of “Disseminated Tuberculosis” and natural causes. *(Appendix 4)*

However, according to the affidavits of Combes’ partner Mae and his St. Paul’s nurse Chloe Kirker *(Appendix 5)*, who attended him until just before he died, William Combes was healthy and displayed no symptoms of tuberculosis, which was the ‘official’ cause of his death. In the words of St. Paul’s nurse Chloe Kirker,

“At his admission, his (Combes’) blood pressure and heart rate were notably low. He had no fever. His chest sounded clear in all quadrants. I asked him if he had any pain, he said no. ... Besides the blood work counts no other test results were in it. No patient transfer forms, or any other pending tests.

“By my next shift with him, his blood pressure and heart rate was even lower and again he had no fever. His heart sounded strong. The fact was that William was asymptomatic of having TB. There were no contact precautions. No blood in sputum, no coughing, no chest pain or difficulty breathing reported.”

When asked for her professional opinion about what caused WC’s death two days later, nurse Kirker wrote,

“The fingernail lines I observed, and his lethargy, overall weakness, soreness and dizzy spells indicate a condition that was not TB. The fingernail lines are called Mees Lines, and they appear in a person who has been poisoned with arsenic. It all points to him as having been exposed to arsenic over a period of time. The fact that the hospital refused to put him on an I.V. meant that any damage the arsenic was doing to his organs would be concentrated in his body.”

When asked if she disputed B.C. Coroner Claire Thompson’s report concerning William Combes’ cause of death, Kirker stated,

“That thing? Yes. Absolutely. It doesn’t correspond to his condition or his symptoms.”

Just before William Combes died, nurse Kirker was interrogated at St. Paul’s Hospital by three persons she had never seen before: two men and a woman. None of these strangers wore hospital ID badges and they refused to identify themselves. They demanded to know Combes’ mental state and what he was talking about. When nurse Kirker would not answer their questions, she was dismissed.

Later that day, Kirker was removed as Combes’ nurse. She was subsequently denied work, gang stalked, and harassed over the phone, and soon moved away from Vancouver “*in fear for my life*”.

Recently, new evidence has surfaced that indicates the involvement of the present British monarch, Charles Mountbatten-Windsor, in the death of William Combes.

On May 16, 2023, the Court received a sworn affidavit from a former army officer who for years was part of the British monarchy’s security team. This officer states that in late December of 2010, he participated in a “special operations” meeting in Buckinghamshire to plan the murder of William Combes. This meeting was called by Major Johnny Thompson of the Royal Regiment of Scotland, who was and remains the security advisor to the then-Prince of Wales and present ‘King of England’, Charles Mountbatten-Windsor.

According to the officer's affidavit,

"Major Thompson told us he was appearing on behalf of his Majesty the Prince of Wales. The Prince had just ordered the elimination of a foreign assassin threatening the royal family. I was surprised at the time that such an order was not being handled through MI6 and its overseas contractors. I was even more surprised when the target was a Canadian Red Indian, since normally the RCMP have jurisdiction over such operations.

"When one of my colleagues raised this with Major Thompson, he replied, 'The Mounties will handle this one on the ground. We're just setting the wheels in motion. This is a royal directive with the knowledge and consent of the Canadian Governor General, Mr. Johnston.'

"It was later confirmed to me that in early February of 2011, Canada's RCMP Commissioner, a Mr. Elliott, dispatched a squad of operatives to Vancouver to deal with the target. I also learned later that the Indian they eliminated was a Mr. William Combes, who as a homeless man seemed to me to be an unlikely terrorist. However, sometime later, when I read of Combes' statement regarding his witnessing of the Queen's alleged abduction of ten Indian children in Kamloops in 1964 and of how he was to speak about that incident before a public tribunal in London in March 2011, I could understand although not condone the action of Prince Charles in taking Mr. Combes off the board." (*See General Docket Evidence File*)

The culpable participants in the death of William Combes and the defendants in his case include but are not restricted to the following persons and their accomplices:

Charles Mountbatten-Windsor, aka "King of England"

Major Johnny Thompson, Royal Regiment of Scotland

David Johnston, former Governor-General of Canada

William Elliott, former RCMP Commissioner

Peter Montague, RCMP 'E' Division, Vancouver

Jorge Bergoglio, aka "Bishop of Rome"

Michael Miller, aka "Catholic Archbishop of Vancouver"

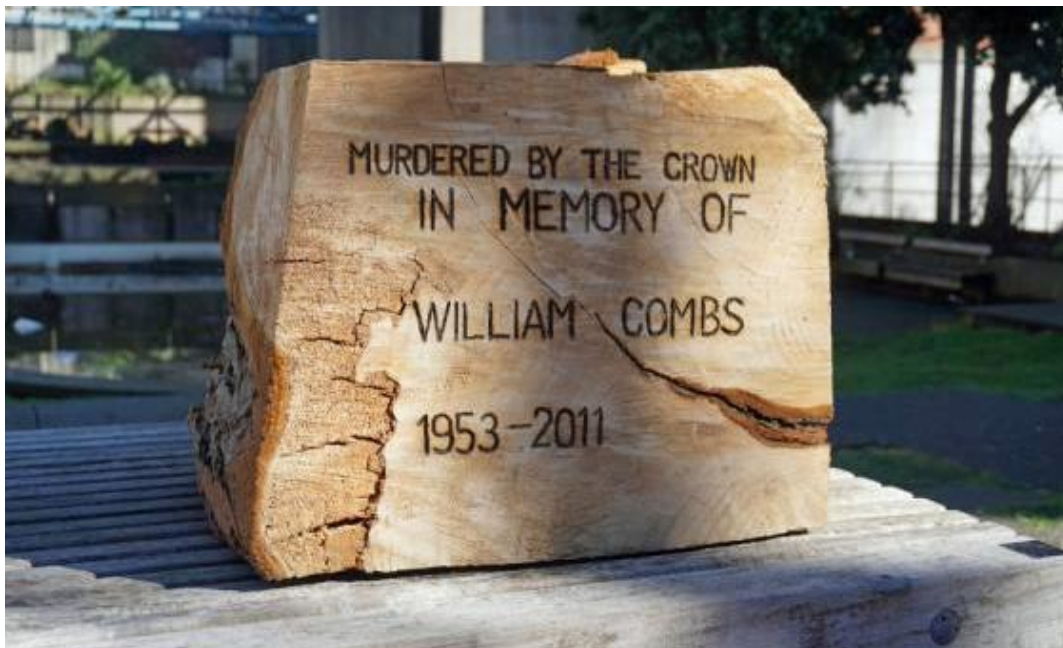
Dr. Elliott Weiss, St. Paul's Hospital, Vancouver

Claire Thompson, B.C. Coroner's Office

John and Jane Does, including in the RCMP, the Anglican and Roman Catholic churches, and St. Paul's Catholic Hospital, Vancouver

*I saw figures with shovels and flash lights
digging a hole by an apple tree ^{to} ~~and~~ bury it ones
death defy - For the live weeps in" pleas —
Set me free, set me free — Billy - Georgy feed me
Today I cry at night, still hearing babies plea
feed me, feed me or I might die
I'n" Georgy brought the food - My dreams I can draw
For the truths and sufferings of the Indian Residential Schools
I SAW! ~~I~~ SAW! I SAW! —*

From William Combes' poem "I Saw", March 24, 2009 (above) and his memorial at the reclaimed William Combes Park at Richards and Dunsmuir streets in Vancouver (below)



Johnny 'Bingo' Dawson



A survivor of the Alert Bay Anglican 'Indian residential school', Dawson was a regular participant in the FRD's actions at Vancouver churches. As a well-known resident of Vancouver's downtown eastside community, he was privy to 'street news' concerning the role of Vancouver police and the RCMP in the disappearance of native women.

'Bingo' Dawson helped lead the occupation of Holy Rosary Catholic Church in March 2008, as well as of St. Andrew's Wesley United Church and St. James Anglican Church during November 2009, shortly before he died.

At the St. Andrew's Wesley United Church occupation on Sunday, November 22, 2009, 'Bingo' Dawson was physically assaulted by the church's minister, Gary Paterson. The latter shoved Dawson in the chest and ordered him out of the building. When Dawson and his fellow native occupiers wouldn't leave, Paterson screamed, *"Call the police, someone! If they don't deal with these scumbags, then I will!"* (See Appendix 6 for a description of Gary Paterson and his criminal associations)

The following week, at the St. James church occupation on Sunday, November 29, 2009, 'Bingo' Dawson led a contingent of 'residential school' survivors into the service and seized the pulpit. He spoke to the parishioners about the murder of children in their Alert Bay 'school' where he had been interned. Dawson exclaimed, *"Now you hear my prayer! Return those kids' bodies!"*

Later that day, on the northwest corner of Main and Hastings streets, Dawson was confronted by a Vancouver Police Department (VPD) sergeant who wore no nametag or ID number. In front of Kevin Annett and his fellow FRD member Ricky Lavallee, the sergeant screamed at Dawson, *"You try that bullshit again and your ass is mine! Assholes like you go missing!"* Six days later, on December 5, 2009, Johnny 'Bingo' Dawson was found dead in the nearby Balmoral Hotel on East Hastings Street.

The B.C. Coroner's Report of June 4, 2010, issued by Coroner Matt Brown (*Case No. 2009-0280-0149*) listed Dawson's cause of death as "Presumed Alcohol Withdrawal - Delirium Tremens". But the accompanying Toxicology Report, signed by Dr. Walter Martz, indicated that no alcohol or drugs were present in 'Bingo' Dawson's body. (Appendix 7)

Soon after 'Bingo' Dawson's death, an eyewitness to his demise, Ricky Lavallee, spoke to Kevin Annett about what he witnessed the day Dawson died. In a recorded conversation on March 13, 2010, Lavallee said to Annett,

"I saw what they did to Johnny Bingo in the alley behind the Empress Hotel. They worked him over with their clubs, that police sergeant and two other cops. Johnny's face was all busted up and bleeding, his nose was broken, he couldn't stand up. Then he was dead the next day."

The following year, on November 14, 2011, Lavallee told Annett that he had been visited by two VPD officers in his home on Powell Street. In a videotaped conversation, Lavallee said,

"They asked me if I knew anything about Johnny Bingo dying so I told them what I saw, about him getting worked over in the alley by three cops. They told me that wasn't possible and for me not to spread lies about cops. Then they asked me about Kevin Annett and what he was planning, but I didn't tell them anything."

Less than three months later, on February 2, 2012, Ricky Lavallee was found dead in a Calgary private residence. No coroner's report was issued.

A friend of Ricky Lavallee who requests anonymity claims that Lavallee was found severely battered and that he died of blows to his head and chest. The witness states that Lavallee had told him that he had fled Vancouver in fear for his life after he had been threatened by the police. Repeated inquiries to the Alberta Coroner's Office about Ricky Lavallee's official cause of death have gone unanswered.



Ricky Lavallee, 1962 - 2012

The culpable participants in the death of Johnny ‘Bingo’ Dawson and possibly Ricky Lavallee and the defendants in their case include but are not restricted to the following persons and their accomplices:

Jim Almas and Jim Chu, former Chiefs of Police for Vancouver

Peter Montague, RCMP ‘E’ Division, Vancouver

Mardi Tindal, former Moderator, United Church of Canada

Gary Paterson, minister, St. Andrew’s Wesley United Church and former Moderator of the United Church of Canada

Donald Harvey, former Moderator, John Stephens, Bishop of New Westminster, Anglican Church in Canada

Matt Brown, B.C. Coroner’s Office

John and Jane Does, including in the Vancouver Police Department and the Anglican and United Churches



Location of fatal beating of ‘Bingo’ Dawson by police (alley next to Empress Hotel)

The Indictment and Charges against the Defendants

The Chief Prosecutor of the Court hereby indicts and charges the aforementioned culpable persons and their bodies corporate with the following criminal acts:

1. The murder of Harriett Nahanee, William Combes, Johnny Dawson, and possibly Ricky Lavallee, planned and committed deliberately with malice aforethought.
2. Planning and participating in a criminal conspiracy to commit and conceal these murders and genocide in Canada, silence eyewitnesses, and obstruct justice.
3. Targeting and attacking the FRD campaign to expose genocide in Indian residential schools and criminally assaulting Kevin Annett, Harriett Nahanee, and others.

Accordingly, based on this indictment by the Chief Prosecutor, the Court is today issuing Public Summonses to the aforementioned culpable defendants to appear before the Court to answer these public charges and specifications made against them.

The Summoned persons are required by law to present themselves before the Court at the commencement of its trial proceedings on Monday, October 16, 2023, at 10:00 am in the City of Vancouver, at a location to be designated. Failure by the summoned persons to appear may result in their arrest or in a *pro confesso* verdict of guilt being issued against them by the Court.

This Indictment and Summons will be communicated to international courts, human rights agencies, and governments, along with a formal request to them for official peacekeepers and observers to aid the Court in its work.

Issued by the West Coast Common Law Court of Justice on Wednesday, September 20, 2023

The Court is an affiliate of the International Tribunal into Crimes of Church and State
(Established June 15, 2010)

itccsoffice@protonmail.com , www.murderbydecree.com



Appendix 1: Harriett Nahanee reports the murder of Maisie Shaw by Alfred Caldwell at the Alberni 'residential school' (*Vancouver Sun*, December 18, 1995)

The Vancouver Sun, MONDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1995

Claim of murder goes back to '40s

A report that a girl was killed by a residential-school official has sparked an investigation.

KAREY GRAM
Vancouver Sun

RCMP are launching an investigation today into an allegation that a young girl was murdered at a United Church residential school for Indians on Vancouver Island 50 years ago.

Art Anderson, an official with the United Church, said Sunday that police were notified of the allegation as soon as the church learned of it.

Rev. Kevin McNamee-Annett, a former United Church minister for the Alberni area, reported the allegation to the current minister Thursday. On Friday, both McNamee-Annett and the church lawyer reported it to the police.

"We are uncertain what this means, but we have to treat it seriously," Anderson said. "As of tomorrow, the police will be beginning an investigation."

The investigation was triggered by a statement from a North Vancouver woman who told McNamee-Annett she was nearby when a six-year-old girl was kicked down some stairs and died.

Harriett Nahanee, 60, is the first witness to come forward to support recent allegations about killings at residential schools on the island.

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RCMP: Memory sparks fears

Continued from page 1

In an interview with *The Vancouver Sun*, Nahanee said she can't remember the girl's name but she knows that she came from Nitinat Lake and her father's name was Blackie.

"I remember her from Nitinat Lake," she said. "Every so often her name comes to me and I can see her face."

Nahanee said the girl died in 1946, when Nahanee was 11 years old. But the memory is still painful enough that she cried throughout the telling.

"I was at the bottom of the stairs in the basement," she said. "I always went to the bottom of the stairs to sit and cry. I heard her crying, she was looking for her mother. I heard [the school administrator] yelling at the supervisor for letting the child run around on the stairs."

"I heard him kick her and she fell down the stairs. I went to look — her eyes were open, she wasn't moving. They didn't even come down the stairs. They were arguing at the top of the stairs."

"I never saw her again."

Nahanee said other students later told her the girl had died and her body had been sent back to Nitinat Lake.

Nahanee told the other children what she had heard. She told her mother and many of the elders in her tribe. But nobody believed her, the woman said. She didn't trust the RCMP so she didn't report it to them.

Rev. A.E. Caldwell, a United Church minister, was head of the school for the four years Nahanee lived there. She alleges he regularly sexually assaulted her in the infirmary.

In a written statement which has been forwarded to the RCMP task force, Nahanee says she was taken every week to the infirmary where either Caldwell or the boys' supervisor, a Mr. Peake, would force her to perform oral sex.

Nahanee said she believes other deaths, which at the time the church said were the result of exposure when students tried to run away, were really caused by beatings in the school barn.

The woman still has nightmares about the killing and lives with rage and shame resulting from her treatment.

"I would love to be free of the shame — to leave all that behind me and have some pride in myself."

PETER BARTISTON/*Vancouver Sun*

DEADLY NIGHTMARES: Harriett Nahanee, 60, says she is haunted by a murder she witnessed at a United Church residential school in Port Alberni 50 years ago.

In another case, a boy is said to have bled to death after he was beaten as punishment for breaking a jar at the school in Ahousaht in the 1940s.

Reports of sexual and physical assaults at the Port Alberni area school sparked a province-wide investigation of residential schools by an RCMP task force. It has been gathering evidence for about one year.

Please see RCMP, B3

Appendix 2: Harriett Nahanee counters smears against her and Kevin Annett (written a month before her murder)

To whom it may concern,

I've known Kevin Annett since we met at a protest in December 1995. He's helped me get my story into the press and into his books and film about the residential schools.

He and I have had our disagreements, but he's never abused me like some people are claiming. I gave him my permission to use my story in his book, and also in documentaries he's made.

I noticed on the internet people are saying that Kevin is ripping off survivors. That's not true, he's the one white man who I've come to trust. He's always been there for me.


I don't know why others are saying I turned against Kevin Annett, but it's probably the same smear campaign the Mounties and the Church have done against me after I reported seeing Maisie Shaw killed in the Alberni residential school.

I think the white people hate Kevin as much as they hate me, since we're both telling the truth about their genocide.

Harriett Nahanee

Harriett Nahanee
Tsebeilto of the House of Tsebeilto
Pacheedaht Nation

January 13, 2007



Appendix 3: The Scene of the Crime

St. Paul's Hospital has been a notorious killing ground for over a century, after being established in 1894 by the same Oblate missionaries who led the west coast genocide of native people.

The hospital's primary 'outreach agency', Providence Health Care (PHC), is an agency of the Roman Catholic Church in Vancouver that operates clinics, research facilities, and 'community programs' among indigenous people. For many years, PHC has been implicated in the death, disappearance, and medical genocide of west coast indigenous people, including at local 'Indian residential schools' and Indian hospitals.

Based at St. Paul's Hospital, the site of the medical murder of William Combes, PHC operates a 'Street Nurses' program that targets homeless people for involuntary drug testing and other undisclosed experiments. PHC also oversees a "Baby for Adoption" *in utero* child trafficking network, according to eyewitnesses like Hanne Anderson (see www.murderbydecree.com).


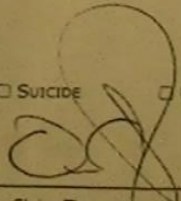
Despite its complicity in these Crimes against Humanity, PHC receives provincial and federal government funding and is part of the Greater Vancouver Regional Health Authority.



The Scene of the Crime:

St. Paul's Catholic Hospital, 1081 Burrard Street, Vancouver

Appendix 4: B.C. Coroner's Report for William Combes (two pages)

 BRITISH COLUMBIA	Ministry of Public Safety and Solicitor General	Case No.: 2011-0372-0013
CORONER'S REPORT INTO THE DEATH OF		
COMBES <small>SURNAME</small>	WILLIAM ARNOLD <small>GIVEN NAMES</small>	
OF		
<u>VANCOUVER</u> <small>MUNICIPALITY OF RESIDENCE</small>		
<p>I, Claire Thompson, a Coroner in the Province of British Columbia, have investigated the death of the above named, which was reported to Fiona Conroy on the 27th day of February, 2011, and as a result of such investigation have determined the following facts and circumstances:</p>		
Gender:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MALE <input type="checkbox"/> FEMALE	
Age:	58 YEARS	
Death Premise:	HOSPITAL	
Place/Municipality of Death:	VANCOUVER	Date of Death: FEBRUARY 26, 2011
Municipality of Illness/Injury:	VANCOUVER	Time of Death: UNKNOWN
<p>MEDICAL CAUSE OF DEATH</p> <p>(1) Immediate Cause of Death: a) Disseminated Tuberculosis</p> <p>Antecedent Cause if any: b) DUE TO OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF</p> <p>Giving rise to the immediate cause (a) above, stating underlying cause last: c) DUE TO OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF</p> <p>(2) Other Significant Conditions Contributing to Death:</p>		
By WHAT MEANS	Natural disease process	
CLASSIFICATION OF DEATH	<input type="checkbox"/> ACCIDENTAL <input type="checkbox"/> HOMICIDE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NATURAL <input type="checkbox"/> SUICIDE <input type="checkbox"/> UNDETERMINED	
Date Signed:	JUNE 13, 2011	 _____ Claire Thompson, Coroner Province of British Columbia

Page 1 of 2



CORONER'S REPORT
INTO THE DEATH OF

COMBES

SURNAME

WILLIAM ARNOLD

GIVEN NAMES

INVESTIGATIVE FINDINGS

On February 27th 2011, the death of Mr. William Arnold Combes was reported to the BC Coroners Service by the Vancouver Police Department and investigation into his death commenced.

Investigation has revealed that Mr. Combes attended St. Paul's Hospital (SPH) Emergency Department on February 22nd 2011; he was admitted to SPH and treated for active tuberculosis. Scans and testing at SPH were negative for any sign of trauma or injury. His condition deteriorated and neurological intervention was required for obstructive hydrocephalus (fluid on the brain); a very serious and potentially lethal medical condition.

Mr. Combes was transferred to Vancouver General Hospital (VGH) on February 24th 2011, for a neurological consultation. At VGH, Mr. Combes underwent surgical intervention for his condition; he never regained consciousness after his surgery and Mr. Combes was moved to comfort care and died at 1840 hrs on February 26th 2011.

POSTMORTEM/TOXICOLOGY EXAMINATION

Postmortem examination revealed numerous granulomas consistent with tuberculosis in the lungs, liver, bowel, lymph nodes and kidney. Chronic meningitis consistent with tuberculosis was also observed. Postmortem cultures confirmed the antemortem diagnosis of tuberculosis.

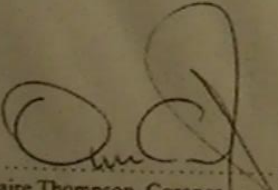
No recent injuries were found.

Tuberculosis is disseminated through the blood; given the widespread nature of the disease, it is unlikely that any head injuries would have caused or contributed to the spread of the disease into the brain.

Toxicological testing was not necessary or required to determine cause of death.

CONCLUSION

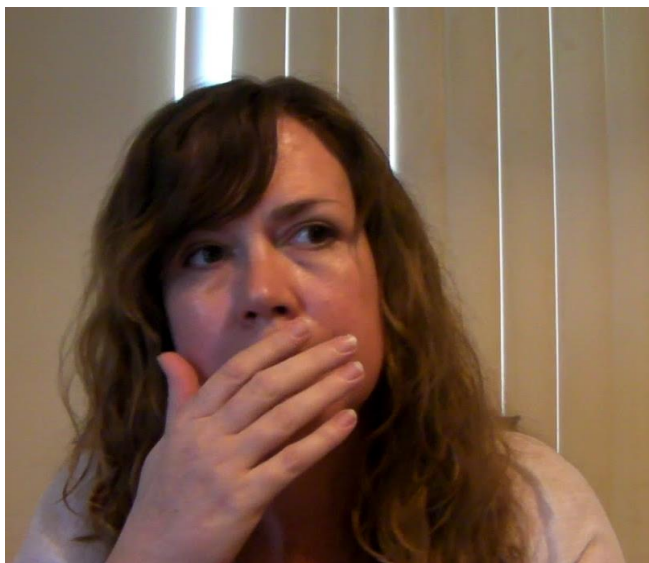
I find that William Arnold Combes died in Vancouver on February 26, 2011 of disseminated tuberculosis. I classify this death as natural and make no recommendations.


..... FOR
Claire Thompson, Coroner
Province of British Columbia

Note that no toxicological testing was ordered. Such testing would have revealed the presence of arsenic in William Combes' body.

Appendix 5: Chloe Kirker affidavit

The entire nine-page affidavit of former St. Paul's nurse Chloe Kirker, dated October 14, 2017, is held in the General Docket of Evidence of the Court and is available upon request. Its size precludes its inclusion in this Indictment.



Chloe Kirker, William Combes' nurse, and the last page of her statement (below)

There is two types of TB, one is very contagious, the other can sit latent in the persons system, as in they will test positive for it but it will not be active in the persons system nor will it be contagious. When William was exposed as a child to TB he would have become sick with it within two years of exposure if he had the contagious sort of TB.

The fingernail bed lines I observed and his lethargy, overall weakness, soreness and dizzy spells upon standing which i charted did indicate a condition that was not TB. I never got any answer other than malnutrition for these symptoms. The fingernail lines are called Mee's lines, and they appear in a person who has been poisoned with arsenic.

The occasional vomiting I observed in William, his lack of appetite, dark strong smelling urine and loose bowel movement and overall soreness, 'room spinning' he reported which is a sign of vertigo combined with the presence of the Mee's lines, in hindsight really point to him as having been exposed to arsenic over a period of time.

It is a difficult realization to behold, but obvious now that the way William was killed was by arsenic blood poisoning, not 'undiagnosed blood borne infection' as stated to me on several occasions, was necessitated by Williams public role in disclosing the atrocities done at the Kamloops res. school. They simply could not beat him to death as they had the others, they had to do it as if it had happened of 'natural causes'

The only medication he was on, lasix/furosemide is a diuretic, it would have sped up all fluids in his body to leave his systems, i.e.: evidence of the arsenic to leave his system. By William not having an I.V. meant that any damage the arsenic was doing to his organs, tissues would be concentrated in his body.

Chloe Z. Kirker aka 'Enka Kelly'

Kevin D. Quinn

Witnesses

Appendix 6: WANTED

Gary Paterson is a wanted felon who was lawfully convicted of complicity in Crimes against Humanity by the International Common Law Court of Justice on February 25, 2013. (See 'ITCCS Archives' at www.murderbyecree.com) As the national Moderator of the United Church of Canada between 2012 and 2015, he arranged the silencing of indigenous eyewitnesses and the destruction of crime scene evidence connected to the genocidal 'Indian residential schools' and Indian hospitals operated by his church. Paterson is a member of the murderous west coast child trafficking cult known as The Twelve Mile Club. He is a danger to the health and safety of children and the public, and his whereabouts should be reported immediately to the Court at itccsoffice@protonmail.com .



Gary Paterson, wanted felon and suspect in the murder of 'Bingo' Dawson; and (below) The Vancouver Club: Site of the Twelve Mile Club's child torture rituals, 915 West Hastings St.



Appendix 7: B.C. Coroner's Report for Johnny 'Bingo' Dawson (two pages)

Ministry of Public Safety and Solicitor General
Case No.: 2009-0280-0149

BRITISH COLUMBIA

CORONER'S REPORT
INTO THE DEATH OF

DAWSON
SURNAME

JOHNNY ROY
GIVEN NAMES

OF

VANCOUVER
MUNICIPALITY OF RESIDENCE

I, Matt Brown, a Coroner in the Province of British Columbia, have investigated the death of the above named, which was reported to me on the 6th day of December, 2009, and as a result of such investigation have determined the following facts and circumstances:

Gender: ☒ MALE ☐ FEMALE
Age: 51 YEARS
Death Premise: HOTEL
Place/Municipality of Death: VANCOUVER
Municipality of Illness/Injury: VANCOUVER
Date of Death: DECEMBER 5, 2009
Time of Death: PM HOURS

MEDICAL CAUSE OF DEATH
(1) Immediate Cause of Death: a) Presumed Alcohol Withdrawal - Delirium Tremens
DUE TO OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF
Antecedent Cause if any: b)
DUE TO OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF
Giving rise to the immediate cause (a) above, stating underlying cause last: c)
(2) Other Significant Conditions Contributing to Death:

By WHAT MEANS: Natural Disease Process

CLASSIFICATION OF DEATH: ☐ ACCIDENTAL ☐ HOMICIDE ☒ NATURAL ☐ SUICIDE ☐ UNDETERMINED

Date Signed: JUNE 4, 2010

Matt Brown, Coroner
Province of British Columbia

Page 1 of 1



Provincial Health
Services Authority
Province-wide solutions.
Better health.

PTC

BC's Provincial Toxicology Centre

655 West 12th Avenue, Vancouver B.C., V5Z 4R4

Telephone: (604) 707 2715 Facsimile: (604) 707 2717

RECEIVED

B.C. CORONERS SERVICE

DEC 21 2009

TOXICOLOGY REPORT

Coroner BROWN, MATT
6 - 1818 CORNWALL AVE.
VANCOUVER, BC V6J 1C7

MINISTRY OF SOLICITOR GENERAL
B.C. CORONERS SERVICE
VANCOUVER METRO REGION

Dr. WEBBER, DOUGLAS
VANCOUVER GENERAL HOSPITAL

Name of Deceased: DAWSON, JOHNNY

PTC No: 2009-1652

Coroner Case No: 2009-00280-0149

Autopsy No: 09-2463

The Provincial Toxicology Centre received on 08 December 2009 the following specimens:

1 BILE (RED TOP TUBE): 1 BLOOD (GREY TOP TUBE): 2 BLOOD (RED TOP TUBE): 1
LIVER: 1 STOMACH CONTENTS: 1 VITREOUS (GREY TOP TUBE): 1

The results are as follows: (* indicates new result)

BLOOD (GREY TOP TUBE)	HEART	*** FORENSIC STAT ANALYSIS ***	No other Drugs Detected
BLOOD (GREY TOP TUBE)	HEART	GENERAL DRUG SCREEN	Not Detected
BLOOD (GREY TOP TUBE)	HEART	ETHYL ALCOHOL	Detected
BLOOD (GREY TOP TUBE)	HEART	ACETAMINOPHEN	Detected
BLOOD (GREY TOP TUBE)	HEART	DIPHENHYDRAMINE	18 mg/L
BLOOD (GREY TOP TUBE)	SUBCLAVIAN	ACETAMINOPHEN	0.12 mmol/L
VITREOUS (GREY TOP TUBE)		ETHYL ALCOHOL	Not Detected
VITREOUS (GREY TOP TUBE)		ACETONE	Not Detected
VITREOUS (GREY TOP TUBE)		BETA-HYDROXYBUTYRATE	0.19 mmol/L

NO ALCOHOL, PRESCRIBED MEDICATIONS OR ILLICIT DRUGS DETECTED.

Acetaminophen and Diphenhydramine are both within the therapeutic range.
Beta-hydroxybutyrate is within the reference range for serum.

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THIS REPORT IS CONFIDENTIAL AND FOR
YOUR INFORMATION ONLY. IT IS NOT
FOR REDISTRIBUTION IN ANY FORM AND
MUST NOT BE DUPLICATED. DELIVERED
BY: *[Signature]* BC CORONERS
SERVICE TO: *[Signature]*
DATE: *Dec 15/10* INITIAL: *[Signature]*

The original report was issued on 15-December-2009
and was signed by: Dr. Walter Martz, Ph.D., Forensic Toxicologist
his designates

Exhibits will be discarded after 15-March-2010

Note that no alcohol was detected in Dawson's body, contradicting the cause of death as
"Presumed Alcohol Withdrawal"